#### PROCEDURES MANUAL FOR PERSONNEL MONITORING

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Operated by
University of Puerto Rico
U.S. Atomic Energy Commission
Mayaguez, P. R.

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PUERTO RICO NUCLEAR CENTER
Operated by
UNIVERSITY OF PUERTO RICO
for
U. S. ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION

#### AUTHORIZATION

This Procedures Manual for Personnel Monitoring has been reviewed and approved by the Safety Committee. It is hereby approved and made operative as of April 30, 1964.

John C. Bugher, M.D. Director

## PROCEDURES MANUAL FOR PERSONNEL MOMITORING INTRODUCTION

In all installations where external or internal exposure to radiation may occur as a result of handling or using radioactive materials and sources of radiation a Radiation Safety or Health Physics group is organized. One of the functions of this group is the safeguard of personnel, the calculation of radiation exposures, record keeping of such exposures and counseling as to the best methods for protection from radiation.

In personnel monitoring several devices or instruments are used, of which the most practical ones are the pocket-type ionization chamber and the film budge desimater.

The procedures and techniques presented in the following pages have two purposes: To provide standard techniques on personnel monitoring resulting in reliable records of personal exposure and to provide instruction for new employees as well as training for participants in various programs offered by the Puerto Rico Nuclear Center.

#### SECTION I

I. 1 Personnel Monitoring Devices, Description and Use.

There are a number of personnel monitoring devices, all of which have a definite use for a particular type of work with radioactive material, with the purpose of gathering information in regard to exposure dose received by personnel. These devices shall be worn as indicated. Failure to do so will be detrimental mainly to the wearer.

- A. Film badges these badges, made of plastic about  $1 \frac{1}{4} \times 1 \frac{3}{4}$  inches in size, have a beta-gamma film only or a beta-gamma film and a neutron one depending on the need.
  - 1. Types three types of badges will be assigned.
    - a. Permanent badges these have a picture of the person to whom it is assigned in the front, with the badge number at the top of the picture. The serial number is preceded by a set of capital letters indicating the area where the badge is used and its permanent status. The following set of letters has been assigned so far:
      - a) MP Mayaguez permanent badge
      - b) RP Rio Piedras permanent badge
    - b. Temporary badges these are similar to permanent badges but they do not have a picture of the wearer. Instead, the name of the person is typed in a white cardboard front with the badge number at the top. The serial number is preceded by a set of capital letters indicating the area where the badge is used an its temporary status. The following set of letters has been assigned so far:
      - a) MT Mayaguez temporary badge
      - b) RT Río Piedras temporary badge
      - c) CT Cancer Hospital temporary badge

#### Note:

CT badges have been assigned to Cancer Hospital employees to differentiate them from the PRNC employees which are either RP or RT. Although the badge bears letters suggesting temporary status it is meant merely to provide identification regardless of their permanent or temporary status in the institution for which they work.

- c. Short term badges these badges have a yellow cardboard front with the serial number typed at the top. This number is preceded by a set of capital letters indicating the area where the badge is used an its short-term status. The following set of letters has been assigned so far:
  - a) MS Mayaguez short term badge
  - b) RS Rio Piedras short-term badge

- 2. Due to the diversity of facilities in PRNC a color coding scheme is used for safety and operational purposes. Badges will have a red, yellow, or green stripe in the bottom front depending on the wearer's duties and needs.
- 3. Regardless of type of badge, this shall be worn with the serial number toward the front.
- 4. The badges shall be worn somewhere between the chest and waist level outside of all clothing.
- 5. Permanent and temporary badges shall be picked up from a badge rack located in the main lobby when entering the installation. The rack is numbered serially to correspond with the film badge. Badges shall be returned to their proper place in the rack on leaving the installation.
- 6. Short-term badges are supplied by the receptionist and in special cases, by the Health Physics Division directly. On leaving the installation the wearer shall return the badge to the receptionist or to the rack if he is staying more than one day.
- 7. Besides radiation, films are sensitive to a certain extent to humidity and changes in temperature, therefore, the badges shall never be tampered with, taken home, left in the drawers, near radiation sources or on top of cold or hot surfaces, etc. If this is done, an erroneous reading may be recorded for the person to whom the badge was assigned.
  - B. Pocket dosimeters these are self-reading pen type electroscopes.
    - 1. These will be used by personnel working in radiation areas where the possiblity exists of getting an exposure dose greater than 60 millirems of X or beta-gamma radiation in 8 hours (See Table I for Maximum Permissible Exposures to External Radiation).
    - 2. Pocket dosimeters shall be placed in boxes clearly marked "Dosimeters". Such boxes shall be located in the:
      - a) Lobby dosimeter rack (Mayaguez and San Juan)
      - b) Reactor building main entrance door
      - c) Annex building hall
    - 3. Personnel using pocket dosimeters shall be instructed by their supervisors on how to read them and when to use them.
    - 4. Whenever such a dosimeter is to be used the person interested should pick one from the box, write down in a slip of paper provided for, his full name, number of dosimeter, initial reading of dosimeter and date.
    - 5. When leaving the area the wearer shall read the dosimeter record its final reading in the slip of paper, attach the slip to the dosimeter, clip, and return both to its appropriate place. If meter is reading off-scale notify Health Physics Division immediately.

      In case a dosimeter is to be used for more than one day, the wearer should return it to its corresponding place in the rack.

Table I. RECOMMENDED LIMITS OF OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE TO EXTERNAL SOURCE OF RADIATION

EXPOSURE TO	CONDITION	DOSE (REM)
Whole body, head and trunk, blood forming	Accumulated dose	5 (N - 18)*
organs, gonads, lens of eyes	13 weeks (quarterly)	3
Skin of whole body and thyroid	year 13 weeks	30
and digrett	(quarterly)	10
Extremeties	year 13 weeks	75
	(quarterly)	25

<sup>\*</sup> N is the age and greater than 18.

Revised: January 2, 1963

- 6. Pocket dosimeters shall never be handled roughly or left near a source of radiation.
- C. Pocket chambers these devices are similar to pocket dosimeters, except they are not self-reading and have to be read with a special instrument.
  - 1. These will be used by personnel working in radiation areas where the possibility exists of receiving a dose greater than 20 millirems of X or beta-gamma radiation in 8 hours.
  - 2. Pocket chambers shall be used and handled in the same manner as pocket dosimeters.

#### D. Others

- 1. The HPD keeps a number of high range pocket dosimeters for emergency cases.
- 2. Use of audible alarms is required for the operation of certain irradiation facilities such as the gamma room, and reactor facilities. Specific instructions on their use are given in the operating procedure of the facility.

Procedures and Criteria for the Assignment of Personal Monitoring Devices

#### II.1 Procedure on Arrival to PRMC

#### A. New Personnel

- 1. The receptionist will instruct new employees reporting to work for the first time to contact MPD before they are admitted to work.
- 2. Health Physics will proceed as follows:
  - a. Request two photographs (2 X 2 inches) from the Administration of new employees if hired for a period of no less than one calendar year.
  - b. Fill Form PRNC HPD (PM) 602. The division hiring the person will supply the information called for in this form.
  - c. Fill in a reference blue card (Figure 1) for every person for whom Form PRNC-HPD (PM) 602 is completed. If the person's stay is for more than six months, two cards, a white and a pink one, will be issued, in addition to the blue one. The blue card will be kept in alphabetical order in a file in the HPD Director's office, the pink and white ones in a file in the Record Keeper's office. The white card will be filed by name, while the pink one will be filed by badge number. When a person terminates the pink card can be discarded. The white and blue ones are clipped together and placed in a file drawer headed "terminate" in the HPD Director's Office.
    - 1. Instructions for writing up reference cards
      - a. Type badge number
      - b. Type name of person
      - c. Type division (Reactor, Health Physics, Radioisotopes Application, etc.)
      - d. Type FMI, FMO, and termination date. FMI is the date when the person shall start wearing the film badge. FMO is the date when the person stops wearing the film badge or meter.

        Termination date is when the person terminates.
  - d. Issue a provisional badge or pocket chamber until the final badge is assigned, if one is needed. In case a film badge is assigned, its purpose shall be explained to the person.

### PUERTO RICO NUCLEAR CENTER Notice of Arrival and Departure

#### TO BE FILLED BY SUPERVISOR

Name	Expected Date of Arrival and Depar	rture	Position	Division
	I I			
paper visor				
Name	FMI Fo.	M	No.	
Name	FMI Ho.	M	No.	
Name	FMI Fo.	141	No.	
Name	FMI Po.	141	No.	
Name	FMI Ho.	14I 	No.	
Name	FMI Ho.	141	No.	Remarks
I/ame	FMI Ho.	141	No.	Remarks
Name	FMI Ho.	141	No.	Remarks
Name	FMI No.	741	No.	Remarks
Name	FMI Ho.	741	No.	Remarks

next to FMI. Do the same for pocket meters.

FORM PRNC-HPD (PM)602

MP-001 John Doe Health Physics **FMO** 

FMI

MO

MI

Termination date

Fig. 1

#### B. Students

- 1. The receptionist will refer students to the HPD where Form 662 will be filled and the type of badge to be worn determined.
- 2. Health Physics will proceed with steps c and d of II.1, A, 2 above.

#### C. Visitors

All visitors shall be interviewed by the receptionist who will decide which type of monitoring device is necessary. In case of doubt, the receptionist will contact HPD.

#### II. 2 Criteria for Issuance of Personal Monitoring Devices

#### A. Film Badges

- 1. All persons associated with PRNC shall wear a film badge. The following badges will be issued depending on their association with PRNC.
  - a. Permanent badges are assigned to permanent employees or persons associated with PRNC for a relatively long period of time (one year or more). A permanent badge number shall be assigned to a person for life. It shall never be reassigned to any other person.
  - b. Temporary badges are assigned to employees or persons associated with PRNC for a period less than one year, but more than six months. Part-time employees and full time PRNC students are also assigned temporary badges. This badge can be reassigned.
  - c. Short-term badges are assigned to employees or persons associated for a short-time (six months or less) with PRNC. They are also assigned to PRNC San Juan Area personnel visiting or temporarily engaged at the Mayaguez Area and vice versa. Students attending classes at PRNC (other than full time PRNC students) also fall in this category. This badge can be reassigned.

#### 2. Criteria for Color Coding

- 1. Red persons wearing a badge with a red stripe have access to all facilities within PRNC. Assignment of red badges will be done after consulting with the Reactor Division Head.
- 2. Yellow persons wearing a badge with a yellow stripe have access to any facility within PRNC except the Reactor Building, which they can visit provided they are escorted by a person wearing a red striped badge or by previously notifying the reactor supervisor and getting his approval.
- 3. Green persons wearing a badge with a green stripe have access to all facilities of PRNC except Reactor Building, laboratories and radiation areas in general which they can visit, provided they are escorted by a person wearing a red or yellow striped badge according to the area visited, or receiving approval from the person working in the area.

#### B. Pocket Chambers

The receptionist will give pocket chambers to:

- 1. Individual visitors to offices within a laboratory or visiting an area where they may be exposed.

  Prior approval must be had from person to be visited.
- 2. Employees of service companies (typewriter, telephone, electricity, etc.) after due identification. However, the Division Head shall request a film badge or pocket dosimeter from HPD if this work is to be performed in an area where the serviceman may be exposed to ionizing radiation.
- 3. One out of every 5 persons of touring groups.

#### C. Pocket Dosimeters

Will be used by personnel as described in Section 1.1 B.

#### D. Others

- 1. The HPD keeps a number of high range pocket dosimeters for emergency cases.
- 2. Use of audible alarms is required for the operation of certain irradiation facilities such as the gamma room and reactor facilities. Specific instructions on their use is given in the operating procedure of the facility.

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11.7	01(1), [ ] [ (2) (. ] (37)	1.(1	THEFTESTA	PERSON
	110 0 2 2 2 0 0 0 2 0 5 1	~~	T	T - T - T - T - T - T - T - T - T - T -

Upon completion of reference cards and assignment of proper personnel monitoring device the HPD technician in charge of personnel monitoring will notify the interested person using Form PRNC-HPD (PM) 602a.

<u>M</u>	
Effective	you have
been assigned FM No.	PM No.
which is located in the rack in the lobby.	

FORM PRINC-HPD (PM) 602a

#### SECTION III

Procedures for the Distribution, Reading and Collection of Monitoring Devices

#### III.1 Pocket Meters

- A. Distribution pocket chambers and dosineters are distributed as follows:
  - 1. Dosimeters used by personnel are routinely charged and distributed weekly, according to section I.B. The slips of paper referred to in Section I.1, B.4-5 with the readings will be collected daily. This will determine if a dosimeter needs to be charged more frequently.
  - 2. Pocket chambers assigned to visitors are read, charged and returned daily to their assigned place in the receptionist's desk.

#### B. Reading of meters

- 1. Meter number is recorded in DCWS. (Form 600)
- 2. For pocket chambers, the reading is recorded in the DCWS before removing meter from charger reader. When dealing with pocket dosimeters, the reading is transferred daily from the slip of paper to the DCWS.

#### PUERTO RICO NUCLEAR CENTER

#### PERSONNEL MONITORING

#### DAILY DOSIMETER AND CHAMBER WORK SHEET

Distributed by:

	Collect	ed by:			Date	
	Recorde	d by			-	
Meter No.	Name	X-Gamma (cr-mrem)	N <sub>t</sub> (mrem)	Test	Remarks	
						& 14
****						
						<del></del>
	g!					

FORM PRINC-HPD (PM) 600

#### 3. Rejects

- a. Meters reading more than 30 mrems in one 8 hr. day shall be placed in a box marked "Examine".
- b. The meter number is entered in the DCWS. Under the corresponding column, record the exposure dose followed by the letter (E) or write (OS) if the meter reads off-scale.
- c. Mechanical and leak tests are carried out on the meters and the results are recorded under the column "TEST" of DCWS; M, L OK shows satisfactory results on both test, M. referring to mechanical damage test and L to leak test. If one of the tests, fails, then an X is written after the identifying letter (M or L), for example, L OK, M X means leak test satisfactory, and mechanical damage of the meter.
- d. If both tests are satisfactory the meter reading previously recorded will be accepted. In the case of a meter reading off-scale an investigation is started to determine the reason for such a high reading (e.g. the meter was left inadvertently near a radiation source). Use Form 501.
- e. If one of both tests show the meter is beyond repair discard it.

#### C. Procedures for Off-Scale Readings

1. Whenever an investigation for the off-scale reading indicates that a person received more than 200 mr or mrems, the film in the badge shall be removed and processed immediately. The film exposure reading will be entered in column 3 or 4 of DCWS making a note under remarks that such exposure is due to film dosimeter.

#### D. Miscellaneous

Keep the form DCWS until final results have been obtained and recorded in "Kardex" cards or Short-Term records (see next section).

#### III.2 Film Badges

#### A. Collection and Processing

1. Permanent and temporary badges issued, are assigned a place in the rack at the lobby of the building, where they will be kept when not in use. The film shall be collected and processed routinely as follows:

#### a. Neutron films

(1) twice a month- for personnel that can be exposed to neutrons routinely.

#### PUERTO RICO NUCLEAR CENTER

#### Personnel Exposure Questionnaire Information

This report shall be made only after a pocket chamber or pocket dosimeter reading OS has been tested for leakage and mechanical damage and found in good working condition.

Meter No	Identification No	
Date when meter read OS_		
	DivisionMiddle)	<del></del>
	satisfactory (Yes or no)	
Leakage test satisfactor	ry(Yes or no	)
	equivalent torems of	
	radiation.	
	valent torems o	of
	neutrons.	
	read OS (TCD dose obtained from Kardex Rec	ords
or Short-Term Records).		
Estimated exposure dose_	•	
	ne same area where possible overexposure	
occurred and meter readi	ings.	
Name	FM No. Reading Date Remarks	
		<u>= 0450000</u>
-		

Description of work performed by person during the day when meter
was found OS.
Description of work performed by another person or persons in the
same area or nearby area where possible overexposure occurred.
Action taken upon disclosure of possible overexposure.
Is an Investigation Report of Radiation Exposure in process?
(yes or no)
Reason:
•
Investigated by Date
THIVE OTERATED OF
Approved by Head, Health Physics Division
entreterior (***) transier in 10 in

(2) once every three months (quarterly) - for personnel whose duties routinely do not imply exposure to neutrons.

#### b. Beta-gamma film

- (1) once a month for personnel that can be exposed to these radiations routinely.
- (2) once every three months (quarterly) for personnel whose duties routinely do not imply exposure to these radiation.
- 2. Short term badges shall be assigned a place in the rack only when the wearer visits PRNC for more than one day, otherwise, they will be returned to the receptionist. The films shall be collected the same day the person leaves PRNC and are processed together with films of permanent and temporary badges.

NOTE: In special cases films can be processed at an interval other than indicated above.

B. Schedule of Film Processing

The procedure outlined below is to be followed:

- 1- All films will be processed within 2 days after change date except when this comes on a Friday. In this case wait until first working day in the next week.
- 2- All films not processed at this time will be designated "not received".
- 3- If film appears later it will be developed with the next batch.
- 4- If at the end of this second period the film has not been found record in appropriate form as film lost.

#### SECTION IV

#### Records

- IV.1 Two types of records will be kept: "Kardex" and Short-Term Personnel Exposure records.

  "Kardex" records will be kept only for persons employed, associated or visiting for a period of not less than 6 months. For other persons, exposure records are kept in a different system called Short-Term Personnel Exposure Records.
- IV.2 "Kardex" Record Cards Description
  - A. The "Kardex" record consists of two "Kardex" cards designated Card A (see figure 2) and Card B (see figure 3). Cards A and B are printed on both sides and provide record space up to 26 weeks or two quarters each.
  - B. Card A is used to record exposure as obtained from the reading of pocket meters only, while Card B is used to record exposure as obtained from the reading of badge film as well as pocket meter. In the lower left hand corner of Card B on both sides shall be written the name of the person whose record is to be kept. Next, the division to which the person belongs. Then, the film badge number.
  - C. Transfer of Exposure Reading to "Kardex" Cards

All exposure entries shall be made in pencil. Other entries in ink. No erasures are allowed. If a mistake is made in an entry, cross out such entry, enter the correct one and initial the correction. Since "Kardex" cards are filed in numerical order and pocket meters and film badges are read also in numerical order:

- 1. Find card number corresponding to first meter number listed in the Daily Dosimeter and Chamber Work Sheet (DCWS).
- 2. Now make the appropriate transfer from DCWS to card and cross out meter number in DCWS. Complete ALL necessary entries in one card before proceeding to the next one.
- 3. Repeat step 2 until all meter numbers in DCWS have been crossed out.
- 4. Always pull out drawers in order and work with one drawer at a time only.
- D. Specific Procedure
  - 1. Card A

#### RADIATION EXPOSURE RECORD

MF- mater found; MI-date meter issued; ML-meter lost; MO-date meter out of service; MR-date meter reissued CODE: 1- meter contaminated; 2- meter damaged; QT- quarter total; TSRA- total significant reading to date; TSRW- total significant reading for the week; WK- Health Physics week; IRR- irregularity; OS- meter off scale.

					_	Can 100	graff 101	US 440	Week; WA. Health Physics week; IRR. Irregularity; Co. moter of scale.								TCD				
١	NK				DAYS				TSR.	IRR	WK		يو. بينوس		DAYS				TSR.	IRR	aT
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	J		$\setminus$	$\setminus$							٥										
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	4										J										
•	3										10										
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	7										12										
•	6										13										
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•	7														_						
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Fig. 2

FMF-film meter found; FMI-date film meter issued, FML-film meter lost, FMO-date film meter out of service, FMN-film meter not processed; FMR-date film meter reissued, CODE: 1- film fogged, 2- film contaminated; 3- film damaged, 4- film missing, 5- film damaged in process; 6- film lost in process; 7- evidence of X-ray exposure, 8- evidence of light exposure, FN- fast neutron dose; OW- open window. OWD- open window dose; PM- pocket meter; SW- shielded window; SWD-shielded window dose; TCD- total cumulated dose to date.

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-	6										13										
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JOHN DOE HEALTH PHYSICS MP-001

Fig. 3

-Litho Peña-Mayaguez

- a. First column WK in Kardex card refers to Health Physics week. HP week No. 1 always starts on January 1st of each year.
- b. Write MI (meter issued) and date on side of card A corresponding to date of issuance as illustrated in Figure 4. The subscript denotes type of radiation meter issued, thus  $MI_{\gamma}$  means meter for X or  $\gamma$  radiation.
- c. The second column "Days" is subdivided into seven sub-columns, one for each day of the Week.
- d. Each week is divided into two sections, by a horizontal line. Each day in any week is divided into four sections by two diagonal lines since 2 types of meters may be used in certain cases, one for X and/or gamma radiation and another for thermal neutron radiation. The following Figure 4 illustrates how the sections, which are numbered 1 to 8, are filled.
  - 1) Enter daily exposure due to X and/or gamma radiation in this space.
  - 2) Enter daily exposure due to thermal neutrons in this space.
  - 3) Enter the sum of 1 for the day plus 3 of previous day.
  - 4) Enter 2 for the day plus 4 of previous day.
  - 5) Enter sum total of 1 for the whole week.
  - 6) Enter sum total of 2 for the whole week.
  - 7) Enter total of 7 of previous week plus 5 of present week except as noted below.
  - 8) Enter total of 8 of previous week plus 6 of present week except as noted below.

Note: 7 and 8 will be equal to 5 and 6 respectively only for the first week an entry is made.

Figure 5 illustrates an exposure record with entries for the first 13 weeks.

e. Whenever an irregularity occurs it shall be indicated in the last column "IRR" and dated. The following shall be considered irregularities:

#### RADIATION EXPOSURE RECORD

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LA.	200	- D			DAYS	<del></del>			TSR.	T	IRR WK					TSR <sub>w</sub>					
-W		M	Ţ	W	T	F	S	S	TSR	IRR	WK	М	Ť	W	DAYS T	F	S	S	TSR	irar	वा
	1	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	36		8										
-	_	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	18		U										
4	7	_									9										
		_									J										
	3	_									10										
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#### RADIATION EXPOSURE RECORD

MF- meter found; MI-date meter issued; ML-meter lost; MO-date meter out of service; MR-date meter reissued CODE: 1- meter contaminated; 2- meter demaged; QT- quarter total; TSRA- total significant reading to date; TSRW- total significant reading for the week; WK- Health Physics week; IRR- irregularity; OS- meter off scale.

		significant reading for the week; WK- Health Physics week; IRR- irregularity; OS- meter off scale.													<b>1</b> 00						
	WK		<del>-</del>		DAYS				TSR.	IDD	1400			_	DAYS		1000		TSR.		
	****	M	T	W	T	F	S	S	TSR	IRR	WK	M	T	W	T	F	S	S	TSR.	IRR	ar
-	1	%	5/0	195	90	95	%	90	15/10		8	90	940	9/-	5	5/	0/	0/	190		
		90	5/0	15/5	15/5	15/10	15/0	15/10	15/10		0	%	9/	9/	3/	19	10/	19	70		
	2	50	%	5/0	9/10	%	%	%	10/10		0	0/-	37	0/	5/	0/	0/	0	10		
	<b>4</b>	50	5/0	196	19/10	19/0	10/0	19/0	25/20		9	9/	5/	3	19	10	19	10	196		
	2	2/0	70	70	0/0	5/2	5	0/2	10/		40	00	0	0	2	57	0/	0)	7		
	5	0/0	9	90	0/2	5/	10/	10/	35		IU	0/	0	0%	2	7	7%	12	87		
	A	190	0/0	0/0	0/0	0	37	0	15		44	0/0	0	0)	0	0/	0	07	0		H
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		40		-/	-/0	-/0	-/0	-10	-35			0	50	0	10	50	10	10	57		-
	5	-9	1-9	-5	-0	3	_0	20	500		12	90	0	0	90	10	0	18,	0		
		10	0	15	15	110	/10	110	95		-	20	20	10	20	20	10	0	57		
	6	10	0	0	<i>75</i>	10	10	10	13		13	3/0	00	%	50	%	%	90	190		1-13
_		10	20	10	15	15	15	15	3050			5/0	50	50	190	190	190	190	1155		
	7	00	3/0	90	90	5/5	%	90	195		142	y - 1	DATE	(15	t. wk		IIn-	DATE		w/k)	
		%	5/0	5/0	5/0	195	195	195	6955		HR	r - D	ATE	(5t	h. w'i	(10)	Rn.	DATE DATE	- 11	W/K)	

Code: 1- Meter contaminated

2- Meter damaged

ML- Meter lost

- f. Whenever a meter is taken out of service, type below MI, MO and date. The same procedures will be used when a meter is reissued. (See Figure 5)
- g. The last column QT to the right of the card will be used to accumulate any thirteen consecutive weeks. The weeks covered will be written on top of the accumulated exposure dose as shown in Fig. 5 for the first consecutive thirteen weeks.

#### 2. Card B

- a. Write FMI (film meter issued) and date at bottom of Card B as illustrated in Figure 6.
- b. First column "WK' in Kardex cards refers to Health Physics week.
- c. The second column (Film Badge) subidivided into six subcolumns, and the three columns following, are all numbered in Figure 6. An explanation of each one follows.
  - 1. Enter open window density.
  - 2. Enter open window dose (mrem equivalent of density).
  - 3. Enter shielded window density.
  - 4. Enter shielded window dose (mrem equivalent of density).
  - 5. Enter total of 5 of previous entry plus 2 of current entry except as noted below.
  - 6. Enter total of 6 of previous entry plus 4 of current entry except as noted below.
  - 7. Enter current fast neutron dose (mrems).
  - 8. Enter total of 8 of previous entry plus 7 of current entry except as noted below.
    - Note: 2 and 5, 4 and 6, and 7 and 8 will be equal in the first entry made.
  - 9. Enter in this space the value for TSR  $_{\!\!A}$  from card A for the corresponding week. See part E of this section.
  - 10. Enter sum of 6 plus 8 for the corresponding week.

First-film meter found: FMI-date film meter issued. FML-film meter lost, FMO-date film meter out of service, FMN-film meter not processed; FMR-date film moter reissued. CODE: 1- film fogged; 2- film contaminated; 3- film damaged, 4- film missing; 5- film damaged in process; 6- film lost in process; 7- evidence of K-ray exposure, 8- evidence of light exposure; FN- fast neutron dose; OW- open window; OWD- open window dose; PM- pocket meter; SW- shielded window; SWD-corelled window dose; TCD- total cumulated dose to date.

NK	T. Mar. Mar. Andrews	FI	LM	BADG	E		PM	TOD	IDD	11/1/		F	ILM E	BADG	<u> </u>		PM	TCD	24. 6296 1363	OT
(V P	OW	OWD	SW	SWD	OMO	FN	TSRA	TCD	IRR	WK	OW	OWD	SW	SWD	OWO	FN	TSRA	TCD	ातत	ועו
1	/	2	3	4	5/6	1/8	9	10	11	8										
2										9										
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6										13							1		Semination of the same	
7										FM	I -	DAT DAT	E	FU	IR-L	DATE		PANC	FERTAGO	dener zen

JOHN DOE HEALTH PHYSICS MP-001

Fig. 6

-Litho Pena-Mayaguez

FMF-film meter found; FMI-date film meter issued, FML-film meter lost, FMO-date film meter out of service; FMN-film meter not processed; FMR-date film meter reissued; CODE: 1- film fogged; 2- film contaminates; 3- film damaged; 4- film missing; 5- film damaged in process; 6- film lost in process; 7- evidence of X-ray exposure; 8- evidence of light exposure; FN- fast neutron dose; OW- open window; OWD-open window dose; FM- pocket meter; SW- shielded window dose; TCD- total cumulated dose to date.

-		elded wi	FI		BADG		3000	PM					FI	LM I	BADG	Ē		PM	TOD		~~
	WK	OW	OWD				FN	TSRA	TCD	IRR	WK	OW				OWIE	FN	TSRA	TCD	ICS	U i
-	1										8	0.5	50	0.4	40	120f 90	0/45		135		. ,
-	2						15/		15		9					120/	145		195		
-	3						/15		15		10					120/	10/ 55		145		
_	Ą	0.7	70	0.5	50	70/ 50	5/20		70		11					120/	55		145		
	5					70/50	/20		70		12	0.4	40	0.3	30	120	55		175		
	6					10/	25/ 45		95		13										and the second s
_	7					70/	45		95		FM	Z	DATE						MAC -	<b>Ma</b> irte	os.

11. Enter irregularities if any. The following will be considered as so.

#### Code

- 1. film fogged
- 2. film contaminated
- 3. film damaged
- 4. film missing
- 5. film damaged in process
- 6. film lost in process
- 7. evidence of X-ray exposure
- 8. evidence of light exposure
  - FML film meter lost
  - FMN film meter not processed
- d. Whenever a film badge is taken out of service, write at bottom of card B, under FMI, FMO and date. If badge is reissued follow the same procedure (see figure 6).
- e. Notice from figure 7:
  - 1. That in this example in weeks 1, 2 and 3 no entries were made under OW, OWD, SW, SWD and OWD assuming film for beta, X and/or gamma radiation was processed normally every four weeks.
  - 2. Similarly every two weeks an entry was made for FN (fast neutron dose) since this film was processed every two weeks.
  - 3. SWD represents the dose due to penetrating radiation. This is the one of most interest.
  - 4. Beta dose is not recorded directly in the exposure record.

    However, this can be calculated at any time from the OW and SW densities.
- E. Exposure records are based on personnel monitoring film except as provided below.
  - 1. If film is lost or damaged such that it is not usable for determining the exposure, then readings from meters will be used provided these readings cover the same period of time as the film. This implies that the person was using a meter plus a badge simultaneously.

- 2. If film is lost or damaged such that it is not usable for determining the exposure and no meter reading is available as provided in 1 above, then the exposure from the previous monitoring period will be used to prorate the exposure for the current period up to the time a new film was issued.
- IV. 3 Short-term records are kept for persons associated with PRNC for periods of less than 6 months other than one time visitors. Records will be kept in Form 603.

Film from ST badges are processed in accordance with Section III.2, however the exposure dose is not measured and recorded unless there is reason to suspect that the exposure may be significant, which is determined by the type of work performed by the individual.

#### PUERTO RICO NUCLEAR CENTER

#### SHORT TERM PERSONNEL EXPOSURE RECORD

NAME OF DATE LOCATION DOSE REMARKS  NO NO. DATE LOCATION DOSE REMARKS		PD,PC	1		}	
ND NO.	NAME	or	DATE	LOCATION	DOSE	REMARKS
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If no PD, ND or PC was used indicate none. Under location enter: visiting reactor, or person, etc.

FORM PRNC-HPD(PM)603

#### SECTION V

#### Exposure Reports

- V.1 A report of whole body exposure to external penetrating radiation shall be submitted by the HPD to PRNC's Director, Associate Directors and Heads of Divisions, using Form 603a in accordance with III.2, A, 1.a-b
- V.2 An exposure report will be sent to institutions to which service is given whenever films are developed.
- V.3 An annual summary report of whole body radiation exposure to external penetrating radiation accumulated during the year shall be submitted in duplicate to the Area Manager using Form AEC 190.
  - Similar reports are submitted to PRNC Director, and Associate Directors in Form PRNC 604.
- V.4 An annual summary report of internal body exposure from deposition of radioactive material during the year, shall be submitted to the Area Manager using Form AEC 191.
  - Similar reports to PRNC Director and Associate Directors are submitted in Form PRNC 604a.
- V.5 Whenever an external exposure greater than 25\* rems occurs the Director should be informed immediately by telephone.
  - A. If the incident occurs outside of working hours, San Juan area personnel are to telephone the Director and Associate Director (San Juan area) and Mayaguez area personnel are to telephone the Deputy Director and Associate Director (Mayaguez area).
  - B. Start and investigation of incident and submit an Investigation Report of Radiation Exposure. Send four copies to AEC Area Manager, one copy to PRNC Director and Associate Directors and one to HPD Head.
    - Use Form PRNC-HPD (PM) 604b for this report.
- Whenever an external exposure as determined from badge film exceeds 3 rems in any 13 consecutive weeks, start an investigation using Form 604b in quintuplicate. Send three copies to PRNC Director and two copies to HPD Head. The director will send one copy each to the associate director and division head concerned.

<sup>\*</sup>See AEC Manual Appendix 502, April 4, 1962 and Chapter OR-0502 and OR Appendix 0502, November 9, 1962 for calssification of accidents and reporting instructions in detail.

# PUERTO RICO NUCLEAR CENTER Monthly Report of Whole Body Radiation Exposure to External Penetrating Radiation

Divisio	on		Month	
Send Re	E 0 100 10 101.0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		Division Head	
Name	Badge No.	Exposure T Current Month	otals (mrems) Yearly Cumulative	Comments
,				
		**************************************		
ļ				
Date				

HPD, Personnel Monitoring Supervisor

FORM PRNC-PHD (PM) 603a

PUERTO RICO NUCLEAR CENTER Annual Report Summary of Whole Body Radiation Exposure to External Penetrating Radiation Accumulated During the Year

Date Prepared: Prepared by				λe	Year Covered:	rered:		F	Measured at Film badge	at or	néar	the body sur pocketmeter	dy sur meter	Measured at or near the body surface by: Film badge pocketmeter
NAME	No.	of est	of estimated	1 1	mlated	REM d	loses i	n each	accumulated REM doses in each of the following ranges.	e foll	owing	ranges		
	0-1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	2-6	L-9	7-8	8-9	9-10	21-11 LL-01	11-12	>12	
					×									
-														
											9773 99			15 E
						D1916								
												52 8 6		
				83 83 83										
Total														
Note: entries for rem doses	are o	bta <b>i</b> ne	are obtained from	"Kardex"		Records	(Card	B) and	(Card B) and/or from Short Term Records	om Sho	rt Pen	n Reco	rds	

Remarks:

PULLINIO RICO MUCIEAR CENTER

Annual Report Summary of Internal Body Exposures from Deposition of Radioactive Material During the Year

	>1/2 M.P.									
alysis ing g	< 1/2 M.P.									
hemical an ross count ir samplin										
Determination by: Chemical analysis Gross counting Air sampling	interest									
Determin	otope of in	nu.				Colonia, National				
	depositions for isotope of	Th250 F.P.								
Year Covered:	No. of body	4 P-32 F								
<b>ह</b> े <del>४</del>		U-238 C-14								
Date Prepared: Prepared by:								Market and the second s	Totals	

Notes: From second year on make a double entry for each isotope of interest - one entry in red ink for year reported and one entry in black ink total for previously reported depositions. PUERTO RICO NUCLEAR CENTER
Operated by
University Of Puerto Rico
For
U. S. ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION
College Station
Mayaguez, P. R.

## INVESTIGATION REPORT Of RADIATION EXPOSURE

l.	Date	<del></del>		
	Name			
	Last,	First	Mi	.ddle
3.	Home Address			
	Date of Birth			e
6.	Sex 7.	5.S. No.	8. Occur	eation
	(at time			
9.	Employer's Name & Address			
10.	Other individual exposed?		(if yes list un	der item 24 and
	use an additional form for	r each one).		
11.	Any animals exposed?		(if yes report o	n a separate
	sheet and attach to this r	report),		
12.	External exposure	Internal exp	osure	(check)
13.	External estimated total e	exposure		(rems)
14.	Procedure for converting u			
	a: survey meter reading	in r times RBE of	for	radiation
	b: density of film in te	erms of r times RBE	offor	radiation
	c: neutron tracks/cm <sup>2</sup> eq		rems	=====±5

15.	Isotope (s) involved
16.	Internal estimated total deposition (microcuries)
17.	Estimated fraction of P.C. deposited in organ (s) of interest
	(microcuries)
18.	Biological assay or procedure used to estimate deposition including
	instrumentation.
	a: air samplingInstrument
	b: bioassey Instrument
	c: other
19.	Method of transportation and probable mode of entry into the body.
	a: gaseous effluentingestion or/and inhalation (underline).
	b: aqueous effluent ingestion or/and inhalation (underline).
	c: airbone particles ingestion or/and inhalation (underline).
	d: other
20.	Date (s) covering period in which exposure occured
21.	Description of events leading up to and including occurrence of exposure.
22.	Role played by person(s).
23.	Suggestions for preventing similar incidents.
24.	Name(s) of other person (s) exposed. (see item 10)
25.	PRNC Insurance Company
	a: Company has been notified
	Submitted by
	Health Physics Division
	Approved by:

PRNC SAFETY COMMITTEE

- V.7 Whenever an unplanned release of radioactive material in concentrations which, if averaged over a period of 24 hours would exceed 5000 times the limits for that material specified in appendix B, table II, 10 CFR 20 or if the release is offsite and may cause the general population to receive an exposure greater than the values set forth in the Radiation Protection Guide for Federal Agencies,\* the Director shall be notified immediately by telephone.
  - A. Start an investigation of incident and submit an Investigation Report of Radiation Exposure. Distribution will be the same as for V.3 above.
- V.8 The HPD will determine the action to be taken in case a person (s) exceeds the MPE in order to bring the cumulated exposure total within the established limits. These are discussed fully in Section 6.
  - A. The Radiation Safety Officer will notify in writing the supervisor concerned. One copy will be sent to PRNC's Director.
- V.9 PRNC will notify any person receiving an overexposure (see Section VI.1) of the nature and extent of exposure. Such notice shall be in writing in accordance with CFR Section 20. 405 (b).

<sup>\*</sup> See AEC Appendix 0302, Annex 2.

#### SECTION VI

#### Permissible Occupational Levels of Exposure to

#### External Sources of Radiation

- VI.1 Beginning with 1958\* and thereafter, the maximum permissible accumulated exposure dose, MPE, in rems at any age, is equal to 5 times the number of years beyond age 18.
  - A. To calculate MPE to critical organs (whole body, gonads, blood forming organs, lens of the eye) the MPE = 5 (N-18)\*\* rems.

    For N = 30

$$MPE = 5(30-18) = 60 \text{ rems}$$

- B. In any one year a maximum of 12 rems is allowed, provided the average of 5 rems/year is not violated.\*\*\*
- C. The MPE allowed to the skin of the whole body (non-penetrating radiation) is 30 rems per year.
- D. The MPE to the extremities is 75 rems/year.
- E. The MPE for one quarter (13 weeks) is 3 rems averaged over a period of 13 weeks.
- F. The MPE for one week (40 hours) is 0.3 rems. This is an administrative value.
- G. The MPE for 1 day (8 hours) is 0.06 rems. This is an administrative value. Likewise for administrative purposes the MPE per hour is 7.5 mrems.

7

<sup>\*</sup>See Addendum of April 15, 1958 to NBS Handbook 59, Permissible Dose from External Sources of Ichizing Radiation.

<sup>\*\*</sup>This is the basic equation in determining permissible exposure levels.

\*\*\*See Addendum of April 15, 1958 to NBS Handbook 59, Permissible Dose from External Sources of Ionizing Radiation, Section 7, page (6). In this case 12 rems/yr may be allowed under certain circumstances. The age at which a person will reach his age prorated limit is obtained by x = N + 5(N-18).

- VI.2. In calculating MPE accumulated using MPE 5(N-18) previous exposure shall be taken in consideration.
  - A. Whenever a previous radiation exposure record exists, this shall be used in calculating MPE accumulated at age N. This will allow a person to use his reserve exposure as explained under VI IB. (See footnote \*\*\* on previous page).
  - B. Whenever a previous radiation exposure record is not available, assume that the MPE beyond 18 years of age has been accumulated.
  - C. To the effect of making the calculations required under VI-2A or VI-2B, an Occupational Radiation Exposure History (Form PRNC-HPD (PM) 604d) shall be filed with the Health Physics Division not later than two weeks after employment, provided such person is expected to be employed, associated or visiting for a period not less than six months consecutively (See subsection IV.1)
- VI.3 An individual folder will be used to keep all exposure records, reports, etc. for each person with a "Kardex" record.
  - A. The front and back covers are printed as shown in Figures 8 and 9.
  - B. On the front cover of the folder is printed an exposure recordgraph. The recordgraph is prepared and read as follows (see figure 8):
    - 1. Draw (using black ink) a line from a point in the abscissa Age in Years (AA) at which the person starts working to a
      point corresponding to the same age in the right ordinate Age in Years (RA). Read in the left ordinate the accumulated
      dose to any age up to 65 assuming that the 5 rems per year
      exposure limit is not exceeded. In the example illustrated
      the person started to work at age 35, therefore at 65 years
      of age the MPE accumulated is 150 rems.

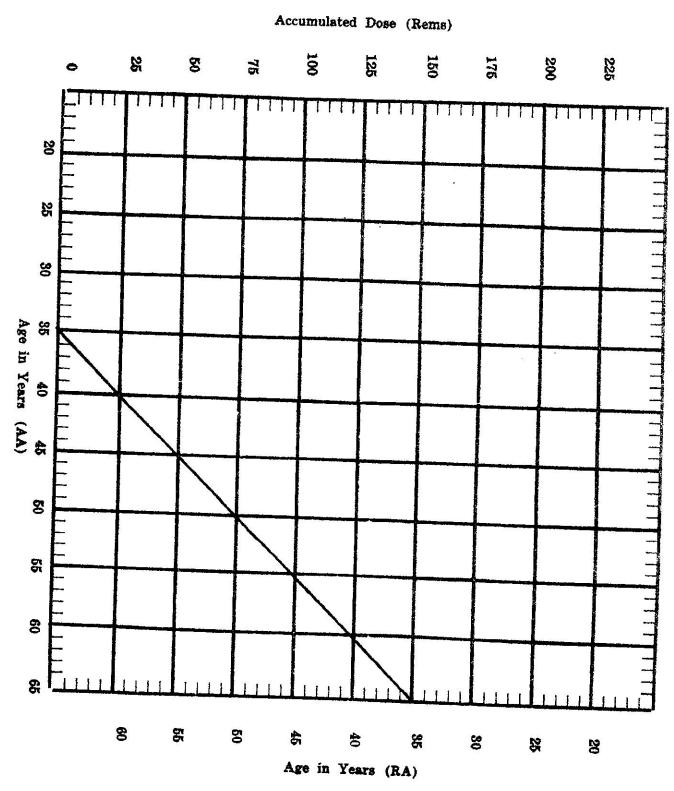


Figure 8

- 2. At the end of each year the cumulated dose is entered in the summary record, Form 605, and plotted in red ink in the record-graph. If the individual annual dose rate (for the period since the person started working) does not exceed 5 rems per year, the red line should fall under the black line. In case the red line is observed to approach the black line corrective measures should be taken. The total cumulative dose for an individual is always given by 5 (N-18) with an allowable maximum of 12 rems in one year, the black line indicating when 5 rems per year average is exceeded during the period covered since starting to work).
- 3. On the back cover of the folder is printed a table (Form PRNC-HPD (PM) 604c) indicating all the records of the person in regard to radiation safety. Space is provided for at least 20 year records. The columns shall be filled as follows:
  - (1) "Kardex" record. This column shall be filled twice a year (July and January).
  - (2) Cumulative summary. This column shall be filled twice a year (July & January).
  - (3) All others as needed (see instructions in the folder).

#### PUERTO RICO NUCLEAR CENTER

#### SUMMARY OF RADIATION EXPOSURE RECORDS

Nome				Division		Date				
person red	eived, te radi	during t ation ex	the time indicate	ed, the fol employee a	s Division show th lowing doses of ex re kept in the fil					
INCLUSIVE DATES	no. Weeks	BETA	GAMMA, X-RAY (rem)	THERMAL NHUTRON (ren)	FAST NEUTRON (rem)	CUMULATIVE DOSE (ren)				
					-					
		-								
TOTALS	1	1		1	1 24220000000000000000000000000000000000					

Remarks

FORM PRNC-HPD(PM)605

# PUERTO RICO NUCLEAR CENTER Personal Exposure Record Folder

A check mark in the corresponding space below opposite the date indicates the records in the folder for the period indicated. If none write none,

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DATE														
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SE REMARKS											2.			
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